



TUCATINIB - TUKYSA®












What is TUKYSA

Medicine Name	Description
Tucatinib	150mg and 50mg pills 

How should you take your medicine?

Your doctor has determined your medicine dosage.
In your case, the dosage is as follows: mg per day, i.e pills of mg, twice a day, every day.
Swallow whole with a glass of water; do not crush, cut, or dilute the pills.
Take at the same time, with or without meals.
If you forgot to take a dose or in case of vomiting, do not take an additional dose but wait for the time to take the next dose.

Dosage – Therapy regimen

Twice a day, at the same time, with or without meals	  
Every day continuously	 J1  J2  J3  J4  J5  J6  J7 ...  J28

How to get the medicine supply?

This medicine is available from local pharmacies.
Getting this medicine might take time. Be careful and order the medicine in advance. Store this product in its original packaging, away from sources of heat and moisture.

What else do you need to know?

Precautions and monitoring

Laboratory tests are necessary while taking your medication (blood test to monitor blood counts and kidney and liver function).

Using contraceptives

This drug may harm an unborn baby. During the entire treatment and one month after its cessation, you and your partner need to use effective contraception methods (condoms combined with another method).

Interactions with other medications and/or food

The occurrence of interactions between TUKYSA® and your other treatments may have harmful consequences (reduced drug efficacy and tolerance). It is important to tell your pharmacist and doctor about all medications and/or other substances (foods, plants, probiotics, essential oils, nutritional supplements, etc.) that you are taking.

Example: While taking TUKYSA®, it is necessary to avoid using Saint John's wort and grapefruit.

What are possible side effects?

The most common side effects are listed below. There might be some other side effects. For additional information, refer to your medicine leaflet or seek advice from your doctor or pharmacist.

Side effects	
The most common ones	Digestive problems: diarrhea, nausea, vomiting, perte de poids, inflammations inside the mouth (ulcers) Skin problems: rash Other: bleedings, joint pain Abnormal lab results: abnormal liver and kidney function tests
When to alert the medical team?	
Tell medical personnel if the following conditions are present and in the absence of specific medical advice	Digestive problems: Significant and/or rapid weight loss Very frequent diarrhea, bowel movement over 4 times a day Pain inside the mouth or ulcers that prevent normal eating Severe abdominal pain Inability to drink for 24 hours and/or eat for about 48 hours Symptoms suggestive of hemorrhage: Blood in stool or in vomit Hematomas (bruises), nose bleedings
How to prevent side effects?	
Skin care	<u>On hands and feet:</u> Apply moisturizing cream or lotion and/or healing cream on hands and feet (without rubbing hard). Avoid exposing hands and feet to heat (hot water). Avoid activities that cause rubbing or injury. Avoid wearing overly tight clothing, socks, or shoes <u>Body:</u> For washing opt for mild soap and moisturizer, pat skin dry. Avoid using any irritating products. <u>For sun protection,</u> use broad spectrum sunscreen and avoid sun exposure.
Weight	Regularly check your weight in case of digestive problems.
Oral hygiene	Use a soft toothbrush; use oral rinses containing baking soda. Avoid oral rinses that contain menthol or alcohol.
Joint pain	Engage in adjusted types of physical activity.
How to adapt your diet?	
Diarrhea	Opt for a low fiber diet. It is preferable to consume starchy products, carrots, and bananas. Avoid using raw fruit and vegetables, dairy products, coffee, or alcohol. Drink more water.
Nausea	Opt for split nutrition consisting of several light meals, liquid and cold dishes. Limit consumption of fatty, fried, and spicy foods.
Inflammation inside mouth (ulcers)	Avoid sour, sticky, or very salty foods.

