

Patient Information Leaflet

Axitinib – INLYTA®

What is INLYTA®

Medicine Name	Description
Axitinib	1 mg pill: oval, red 3 mg pill: round, red 5 mg pill: triangular, red 7 mg pill: diamond shaped, red
	OI XND

How should you take your medicine?

Your doctor has determined your medicine dosage.

Swallow whole with a glass of water; do not crush or cut the pills. At a set time, with or without meals.

If you forgot to take a dose or in case of vomiting, do not take an additional dose but wait for the time to take the next dose.

Dosage – therapy regimen

Twice a day, at a set time, with or without meals	<u>\$</u>			101			101		
With no gaps	O1	D2	D3	O4	D5	D6	D7	•••	D28

How to get the medicine supply?

This medicine is available in local pharmacies.

Getting this medicine might take time. Be careful and order the medicine in advance. Store this product in its original packaging, away from sources of heat and moisture.

What else do you need to know?

Precautions and monitoring

Laboratory tests are necessary while taking your medication (blood test to monitor blood counts, liver, kidney, and thyroid function,; albumin urine test), as well as clinical condition monitoring (blood pressure, ECG).

Using contraceptives

This drug may harm an unborn baby. During the entire treatment, you and your partner need to use effective contraception methods (condoms combined with another method).

Interactions with other medications and/or food

The occurrence of interactions between INLYTA® and your other treatments may have harmful consequences (reduced drug efficacy and tolerance). It is important to tell your pharmacist and doctor about all medications and/or other substances (foods, plants, probiotics, essential oils, nutritional supplements, etc.) that you are taking.

Example: While taking INLYTA®, it is necessary to avoid using Saint John's wort and grapefruit.

What are possible side effects?

Only the most common side effects are listed below. There might be some other side effects. For additional information, refer to your medicine leaflet or seek advice from your doctor or pharmacist.



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French Oncological Pharmaceutics Society - Chemotherapy Patients Information Leaflet

SIDE EFFECTS	
Most common ones	Digestive problems: diarrhea, decreased, nausea, weight loss, nausea, constipation, inflammation inside the mouth (ulcers) Vascular disorders: hypertension, hemorrhage, phlebitis Skin problems: inflammation of palms, soles of the feet, and areas of friction (hand-foot syndrome) Thyroid problems: hypo- or hyperthyroidism Others: fatigue, voice change, protein in urine, cough, joint pain
WHEN TO ALERT THE MEDIC	CAL TEAM?
Tell medical personnel if the following conditions are present and in the absence of specific medical advice	Symptoms suggestive of hypertension > Headaches, buzzing in the ears, and/or dizziness > Blood pressure increase > Digestive problems > Significant and/or rapid weight loss > Very frequent diarrhea, bowel movement over 4 times a day > Mouth pain or ulcers that prevent normal eating > Severe abdominal pain Symptoms suggestive of cardiac problems > Weakness in one side of the body, severe headaches, convulsions, confusion, difficulty speaking, vision changes, or severe dizziness > Shortness of breath, high palpitations, chest pain or tightness > Excessive fatigue, bloating, swelling of the legs or ankles Symptoms suggestive of hemorrhage or phlebitis Blood in stool or in vomit Red, warm to the touch, and painful calf Symptoms suggestive of cerebral edema Headaches, confusion, convulsions, or vision problems
HOW TO PREVENT SIDE EFI	
Blood pressure control	Elevated blood pressure needs to be corrected. Taking arterial pressure regularly is recommended. Pharmacists can help you take your blood pressure. You can also ask to do it by yourself using an automatic blood pressure monitor.
Weight	Regularly check your weight in case of digestive problems.
Hemorrhage / bleedings Oral hygiene	Avoid taking anti-inflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, aspirin) Notify your doctor: > if you take blood thinners or thrombocytic antiaggregants: careful monitoring is needed > about surgical or dental intervention Use a soft toothbrush; use oral rinses containing baking soda.
Oral Hygiene	Avoid oral rinses that contain menthol or alcohol.
Skin care	On hands and feet: Apply moisturizing cream or milk and/or healing cream on hands and feet (without rubbing hard). Avoid exposing hands and feet to heat (hot water). Avoid activities that cause rubbing or injury. Avoid wearing overly tight clothing, socks, or shoes Body: Opt for soft soap and moisturizer, pat skin dry. Avoid using any irritating products. For sun protection, use broad spectrum sunscreen and avoid sun exposure.
Fatigue	Opt for activities contributing to well-being, in particular adjusted and regular physical activities: walking, work in the garden, swimming, biking, sports Alternate periods of activity and rest.
HOW TO ADAPT YOUR DIET	?
Diarrhea	Opt for a low fiber diet. It is preferable to consume starchy products, carrots, and bananas. Avoid using raw fruit and vegetables, dairy products, coffee, or alcohol. Drink more water.
Nausea	Opt for split nutrition consisting of several light meals, liquid and cold dishes. Limit consumption of fatty, fried, and spicy foods.
Inflammation inside mouth (ulcers)	Avoid sour, sticky, or very salty foods.
Taste perception disorders	Opt for several small meals of warm and cold food per day. Avoid using metal kitchen utensils.
Weight loss	Opt for a higher calorie diet and "pleasure diet".